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Total No. of Questions : 24  
Total No. of Printed Pages : 4

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Part-III

**MATHEMATICS, Paper - I (A)**

(English version)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 75

Note : This question paper consists of **three** sections **A, B** and **C**.

**SECTION - A**

10×2=20

I. Very short answer type questions.

(i) Attempt **all** the questions.

(ii) Each question carries **TWO** marks.

1. If  $f: \mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$  defined by  $f(x) = 5x + 4$ , then find  $f^{-1}$ .

2. Find the domain of the real function  $f(x) = \sqrt{4x - x^2}$ .

3. If  $\vec{a} = 2\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} - 5\vec{k}$ ,  $\vec{b} = \vec{i} + \vec{j} + \vec{k}$ ,  $\vec{c} = \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$ , then find a unit vector in the opposite direction of  $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c}$ .

4. If the vectors  $-3\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} + \lambda\vec{k}$  and  $\mu\vec{i} + 8\vec{j} + 6\vec{k}$  are collinear vectors, then find  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$ .

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5. Find the area of the parallelogram  $2\vec{i} - 3\vec{j}$  and  $3\vec{i} - \vec{k}$  as adjacent sides.
6. If  $\sec \theta = x + \frac{1}{4x}$ , prove that  $\tan \theta + \sec \theta = 2x$ .
7. Show that  $\cos 100^\circ \cos 40^\circ + \sin 100^\circ \sin 40^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$ .
8. If  $\sinh x = \frac{1}{2}$ , find the value of  $\cosh 2x + \sinh 2x$ .
9. In  $\Delta ABC$ ,  $a = 4$ ,  $b = 5$ ,  $c = 7$ , then find the value of  $\cos\left(\frac{B}{2}\right)$ .
10. Find the square root of  $3 + 4i$ .

**SECTION - B**

**5×4=20**

**II. Short answer type questions.**

(i) Attempt **ANY FIVE** questions.

(ii) Each question carries **FOUR** marks.

11. If  $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$  are non coplanar vectors, then prove that the four points  $-\vec{a} + 4\vec{b} - 3\vec{c}$ ,  $3\vec{a} + 2\vec{b} - 5\vec{c}$ ,  $-3\vec{a} + 8\vec{b} - 5\vec{c}$  and  $-3\vec{a} + 2\vec{b} + \vec{c}$  are coplanar.

12. Prove by vector method, the angle between the two diagonals of a Cube is  $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$ .

13. If  $A$  is not an integral multiple of  $\pi$ , then prove that

$$\cos A \cdot \cos 2A \cdot \cos 4A \cdot \cos 8A = \frac{\sin 16A}{16 \sin A}$$

14. Solve  $\sqrt{2}(\sin x + \cos x) = \sqrt{3}$ .
15. Prove that  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) + \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{17}\right) = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{36}{85}\right)$ .
16. Prove that  $\cot A + \cot B + \cot C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{4\Delta}$
17. Show that  $2^5 \cos^2 \theta \sin^4 \theta = \cos 6\theta - 2 \cos 4\theta - \cos 2\theta + 2$

**SECTION - C**

**5×7=35**

**III. Long answer type questions.**

- (i) Attempt **ANY FIVE** questions.
- (ii) Each question carries **SEVEN** marks.

18. If  $f: A \rightarrow B$ ,  $g: B \rightarrow C$  are bijections, then prove that  $g \circ f: A \rightarrow C$  is a bijection.

19. By using Mathematical induction, show that  $3 \cdot 5^{2n+1} + 2^{3n+1}$  is divisible by 17.  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

20. Let  $\vec{a} = i + j + k$ ,  $\vec{b} = 2i - j + 3k$ ,  $\vec{c} = i - j$  and  $\vec{d} = 6i + 2j + 3k$ .

Express  $\vec{d}$  in terms of  $\vec{b} \times \vec{c}$ ,  $\vec{c} \times \vec{a}$  and  $\vec{a} \times \vec{b}$ .

21. If A, B, C are angles of a triangle, then prove that

$$\sin^2 \frac{A}{2} + \sin^2 \frac{B}{2} - \sin^2 \frac{C}{2} = 1 - 2 \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{B}{2} \sin \frac{C}{2}.$$

22. If  $a = 13$ ,  $b = 14$ ,  $c = 15$ , then show that

$$R = \frac{65}{8}, \quad r = 4, \quad r_1 = \frac{21}{2}, \quad r_2 = 12 \quad \text{and} \quad r_3 = 14.$$

23. On a tower AB of height 'h', there is a flag-staff BC at a point of  $d$  metres away from the foot of the tower. AB and BC are making equal angles. Show

that the height of the flag - staff is  $h \left[ \frac{d^2 + h^2}{d^2 - h^2} \right]$  metres.

24. Show that one value of  $\left[ \frac{1 + \sin \frac{\pi}{8} + i \cos \frac{\pi}{8}}{1 + \sin \frac{\pi}{8} - i \cos \frac{\pi}{8}} \right]^{\frac{8}{3}} = -1$